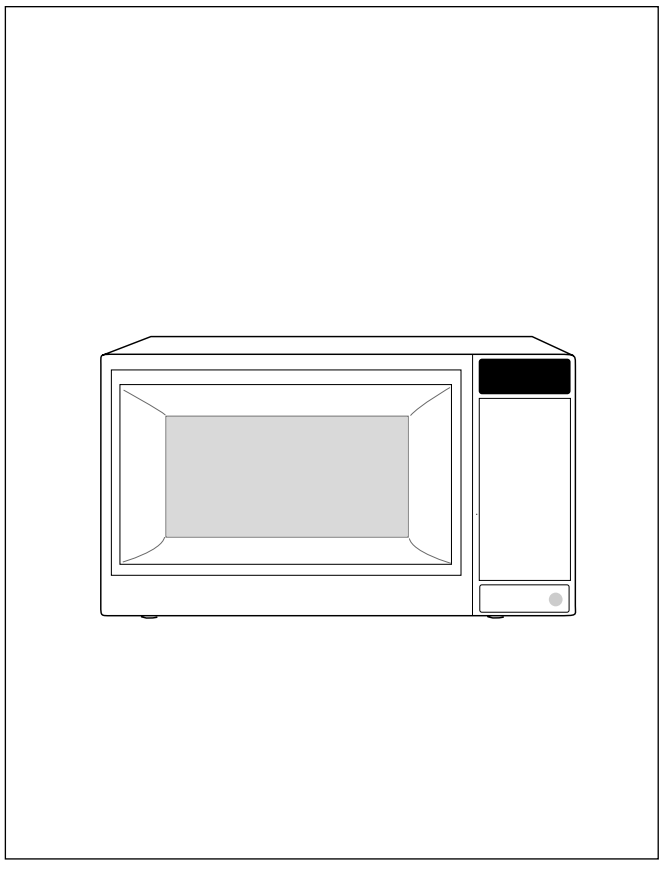
MICROWAVE OVEN

AKM106

SERVICE Manual

MICROWAVE OVEN



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WHIRLPOOL

PRECAUTIONS TO BE OBSERVED BEFORE AND DURING SERVICING TO AVOID POSSIBLE EXPOSURE TO EXCESSIVE MICROWAVE ENERGY

(a) Do not operate or allow the oven to be operated with the door open.
(b) Make the following safety checks on all ovens to be serviced before activating the magnetron or other microwave source, and make repairs as necessary:
(1) Interlock operation,
(2) proper door closing,
(3) seal and sealing surfaces (arcing, wear, and other damage),
(4) damage to or loosening of hinges and latches,
(5) evidence of dropping or abuse.
(c) Before turning on microwave power for any service test or inspection within the microwave generating compartments, check the magnetron, wave guide or transmission line, and cavity for proper alignment, integrity, and connections.
(d) Any defective or misadjusted components in the interlock, monitor, door seal, and microwave generation and transmission systems shall be repaired, replaced, or adjusted by procedures described in this manual before the oven is released to the owner.
(e) A Microwave leakage check to verify compliance with the Federal performance standard should be performed on each oven prior to release to the owner.

1. Precaution

Follow these special safety precautions. Although the microwave oven is completely safe during ordinary use, repair work can be extremely hazardous due to possible exposure to microwave radiation, as well as potentially lethal high voltages and currents.

1-1 Safety precautions (⚠)

1. All repairs should be done in accordance with the procedures described in this manual. This product complies with Federal Performance Standard 21 CFR Subchapter J (DHHS).

2. Microwave emission check should be performed to prior to servicing if the oven is operative.

3. If the oven operates with the door open : Instruct the user not to operate the oven and contact the manufacturer and the center for devices and radiological health immediatly.

4. Notify the Central Service Center if the microwave leakage exceeds 5 mW/cm^2

5. Check all grounds.

6. Do not power the MWO from a "2-prong" AC cord. Be sure that all of the built-in protective devices are replaced. Restore any missing protective shields.

7. When reinstalling the chassis and its assemblies, be sure to restore all protective devices, including: nonmetallic control knobs and compartment covers.

8. Make sure that there are no cabinet openings through which people--particularly children--might insert objects and contact dangerous voltages. Examples: Lamp hole, ventilation slots.

9. Inform the manufacturer of any oven found to have emmission in excess of 5 mW/cm^2, Make repairs to bring the unit into compliance at no cost to owner and try to determine cause.
   Instruct owner not to use oven until it has been brought into compliance.

   CENTRAL SERVICE CENTER

10. Service technicians should remove their watches while repairing an MWO.

11. To avoid any possible radiation hazard, replace parts in accordance with the wiring diagram. Also, use only the exact replacements for the following parts: Primary and secondary interlock switches, interlock monitor switch.

12. If the fuse is blown by the Interlock Monitor Switch: Replace all of the following at the same time: Primary and secondary switches, as well as the Interlock Monitor Switch. The correct adjustment of these switches is described elsewhere in this manual. Make sure that the fuse has the correct rating for the particular model being repaired.

13. Design Alteration Warning:
    Use exact replacement parts only, i.e., only those that are specified in the drawings and parts lists of this manual. This is especially important for the Interlock switches, described above. Never alter or add to the mechanical or electrical design of the MWO. Any design changes or additions will void the manufacturer's warranty.10.Always unplug the unit's AC power cord from the AC power source before attempting to remove or reinstall any component or assembly.

14. Never defeat any of the B+ voltage interlocks. Do not apply AC power to the unit (or any of its assemblies) unless all solid-state heat sinks are correctly installed.

15. Some semiconductor ("solid state") devices are easily damaged by static electricity. Such components are called Electrostatically Sensitive Devices (ESDs). Examples include integrated circuits and field-effect transistors.

    Immediately before handling any semiconductor components or assemblies, drain the electrostatic charge from your body by touching a known earth ground.

16. Always connect a test instrument's ground lead to the instrument chassis ground *before* connecting the positive lead; always remove the instrument's ground lead last.

1-2 Special Servicing Precautions (Continued)

16. When checking the continuity of the witches or transformer, always make sure that the power is OFF, and one of the lead wires is disconnected.
17. Components that are critical for safety are indicated in the circuit diagram by shading, ⚠ or ⚠.
18. Use replacement components that have the same ratings, especially for flame resistance and dielectric strength specifications. A replacement part that does not have the same safety characteristics as the original might create shock, fire or other hazards.

1-3 Special High Voltage Precautions

1. High Voltage Warning
   Do not attempt to measure any of the high voltages--this includes the filament voltage of the magnetron. High voltage is present during any cook cycle.

   Before touching any components or wiring, always unplug the oven and discharge the high voltage capacitor (See Figure 1-1)

2. The high-voltage capacitor remains charged about 30 seconds after disconnection. Short the negative terminal of the high-voltage capacitor to the oven chassis. (Use a screwdriver.)

3. High voltage is maintained within specified limits by close-tolerance, safety-related components and adjustments. If the high voltage exceeds the specified limits, check each of the special components.

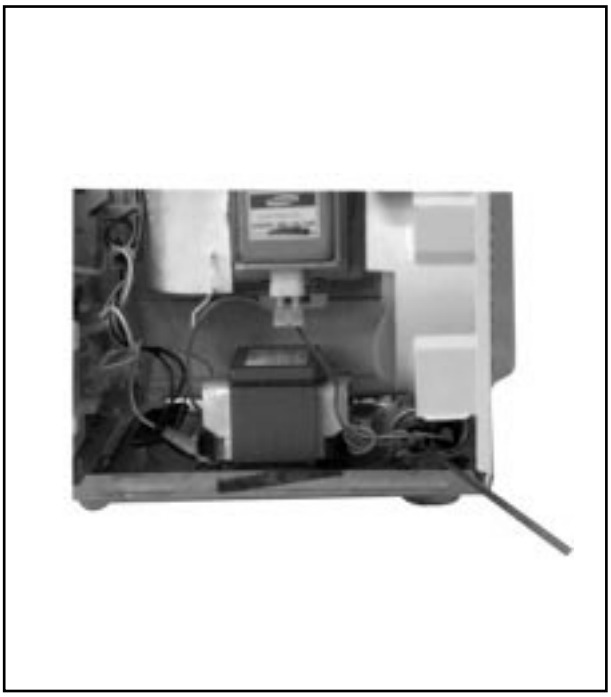


Fig. 1-1. Discharging the High Voltage Capacitor

2. Specifications

2-1 Table of Specifications

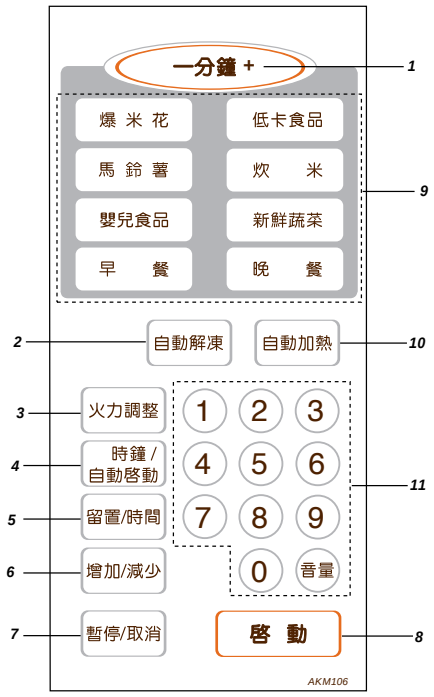
ITEM / MODEL	AKM106
TIMER	99 MINUTES 99 SECONDS
POWER SOURCE	120V/60HZ, AC
POWER CONSUMPTION	MICROWAVE : 1.4KW(IEC), 1.25KW(CNS)
OUTPUT POWER	FROM90W TO900W (10 LEVEL POWER ; IEC)
	(IEC-705 TEST PROCEDURE)
OPERATING FREQUENCY	2,450MHz
MAGNETRON	OM75PH(31)ESS
COOLING METHOD	COOLING FAN MOTOR
OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS	556 (W) x 313 (H) x 429 (D)
NET WEIGHT	18.5 Kg
SHIPPING WEIGHT	21.0 Kg

2-2 Comparison Chart

FEATURE / MODEL	AKM106
MORE/LESS	O
AUTO REHEAT	O
AUTO DEFROST	O
TIME COOK	O
POWER LEVEL	O
INSTANT COOK	O
CHILD LOCK	O
CLOCK/AUTO START	O
SOUND	O
DEMO MODE	O

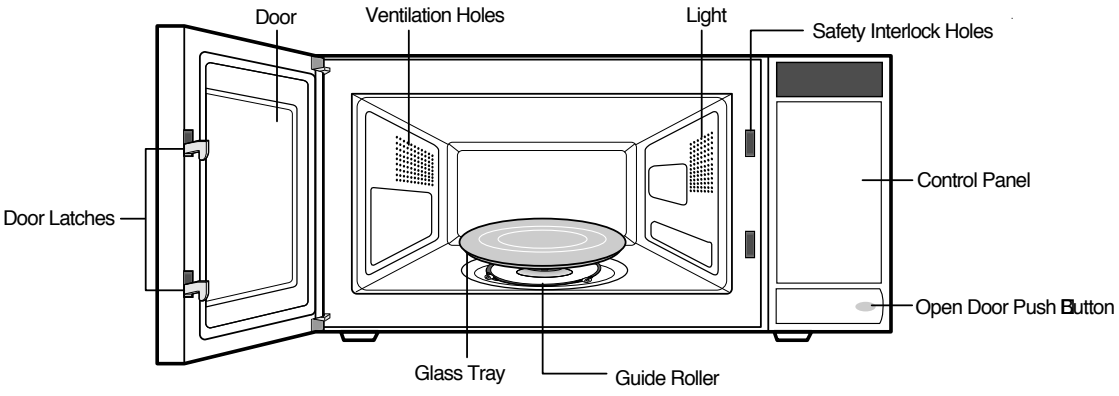
3. Operating Instructions

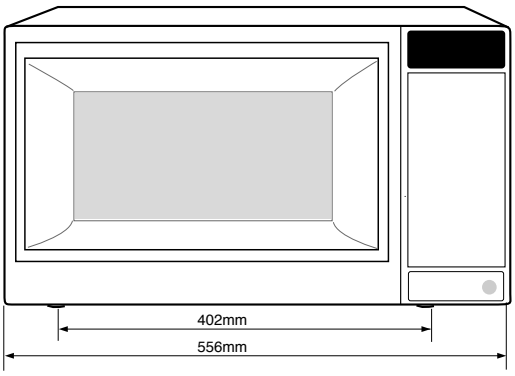
3-1 Control Panel

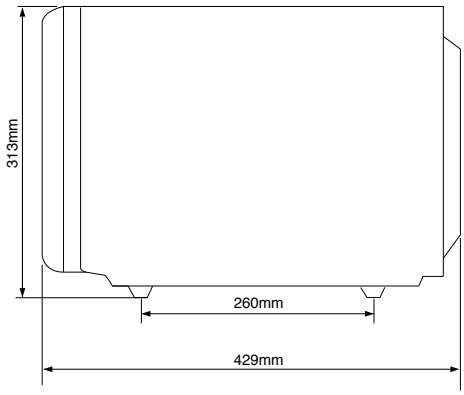


1. One Minute + Button
2. Auto Defrost Button
3. Power Level Button
4. Clock / Auto Start Button
5. Hold / Timer Button
6. More / Less Button
7. Pause / Cancel Button
8. Start Button
9. Instant Cook Button
10. Auto Reheat Button
11. Number Key Button

3-2 Features & External Views







4. Disassembly and Reassembly

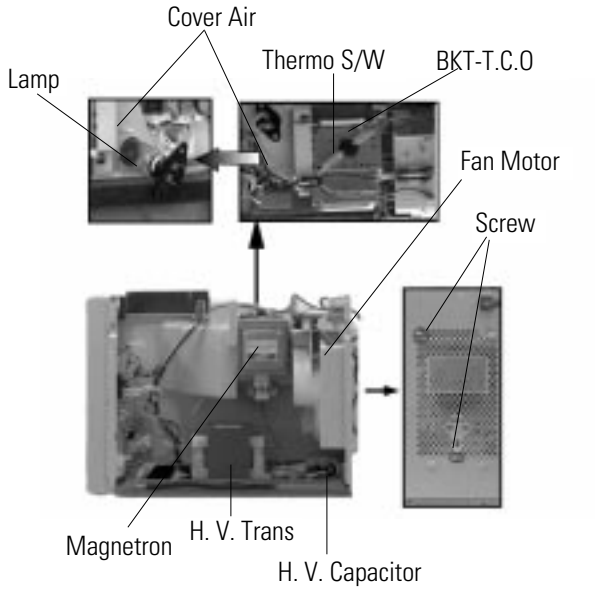
4-1 Replacement of Magnetron, Motor Assembly and Lamp

Remove the magnetron including the shield case, permanent magnet, choke coils and capacitors (all of which are contained in one assembly).

1. Disconnect all lead wires from the magnetron and lamp.
2. Remove the air cover.
3. Remove screws securing the magnetron to the wave guide.
4. Take out the magnetron very carefully.
5. Remove tow screws from the back panel of fan motor assembly.
6. Take out the fan motor assembly.
7. Remove the oven lamp by pulling out from hole of air cover.

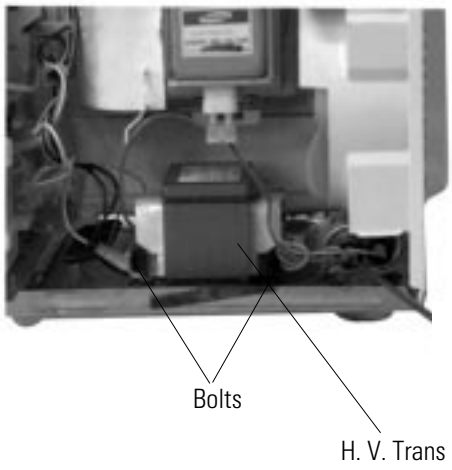
NOTE1: When removing the magnetron, make sure that its antenna does not hit any adjacent parts, or it may be damaged.

NOTE2: When replacing the magnetron, be sure to remount the magnetron gasket in the correct position and make sure the gasket is in good condition.



4-2 Replacement of High Voltage Transformer

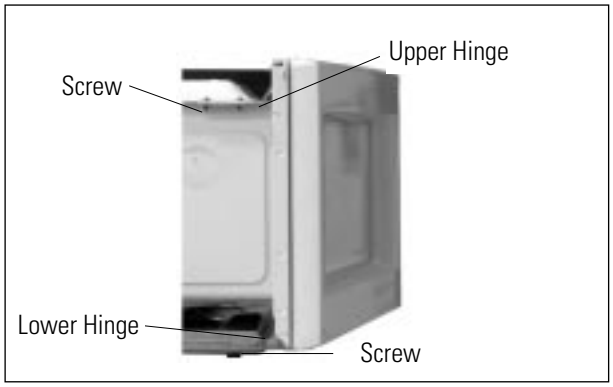
1. Discharge the high voltage capacitor.
2. Disconnect all the leads.
3. Remove the mounting bolts.
4. Reconnect the leads correctly and firmly.



4-3 Replacement of Door Assembly

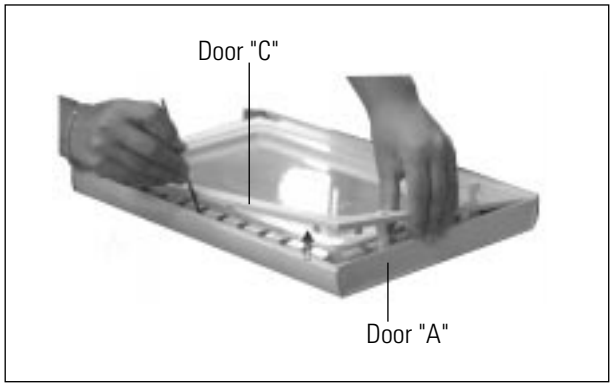
4-3-1 Removal of Door Assembly

Remove screws securing the upper hinge and lower hinge. Then remove the door assembly.



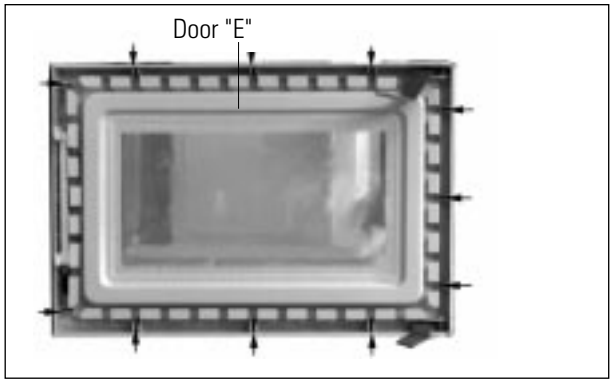
4-3-2 Removal of Door "C"

Insert flat screwdriver into the gap between Door "A" and Door "C" to remove Door "C". Be careful when handling Door "C" because it is fragile.



4-3-3 Removal of Door "E"

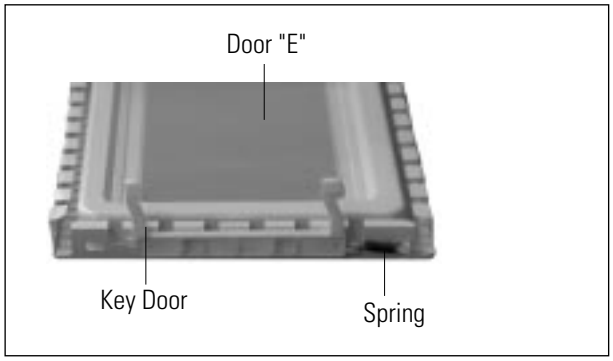
Following the procedure as shown in the figure, insert and bend a thin metal plate between Door "E" and Door "A" until you hear the 'tick' sound.



1. Insertion depth of the thin metal plate should be 0.5mm or less.

4-3-4 Removal of Key Door & Spring

Remove pin hinge from Door "E"
Detach spring from Door "E" and key door.



4-3-5 Reassembly Test

After replacement of the defective component parts of the door, reassemble it and follow the instructions below for proper installation and adjustment so as to prevent an excessive microwave leakage.

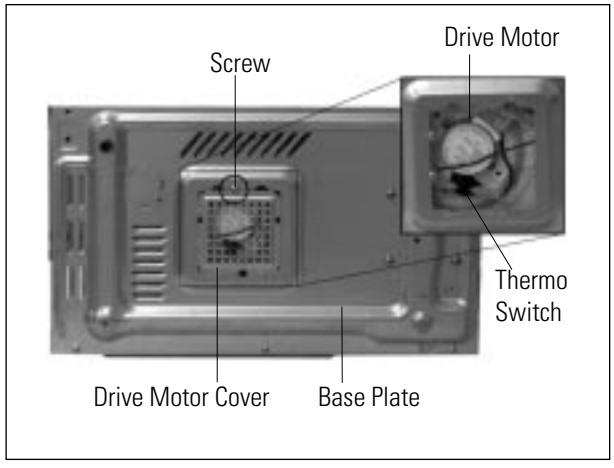
1. When mounting the door to the oven, be sure to adjust the door parallel to the bottom line of the oven face plate by moving the upper hinge and lower hinge in the direction necessary for proper alignment.
2. Adjust so that the door has no play between the inner door surface and oven front surface. If the door assembly is not mounted properly, microwave energy may leak from the space between the door and oven.
3. Do the microwave leakage test.

4-4 Replacement of Fuse

1. Disconnect the oven from the power source.
2. Remove the 20A fuse in the fuse holder.
3. When replacing the 20A fuse, be sure to use an exact replacement part. If new 20A fuse blows out again after replacement, check the primary interlock switch, door sensing switch and interlock monitor switch.
4. When the above three switches operate properly, check if any other part such as the control circuit board, fan motor or high voltage transformer is defective.

4-5 Replacement of Drive Motor

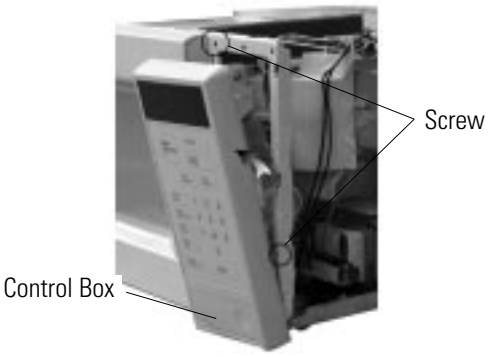
1. Take out the glass tray and the guide roller from the cavity.
2. Turn the oven upside down to replace the drive motor.
3. Cut out the drive motor cover with nipper and remove it from the base plate.
4. Disconnect all the lead wires from the drive motor.
5. Remove screws securing the drive motor to the cavity.
6. Remove the drive motor and the coupler.
7. When replacing the drive motor, be sure to remount it in the correct position with the coupler.
8. Connect all the leads to the drive motor.
9. Screw the drive motor cover to the base plate with a screw driver.
10. Remout the coupler in the correct position.



4-6 Replacement of Control Circuit Board

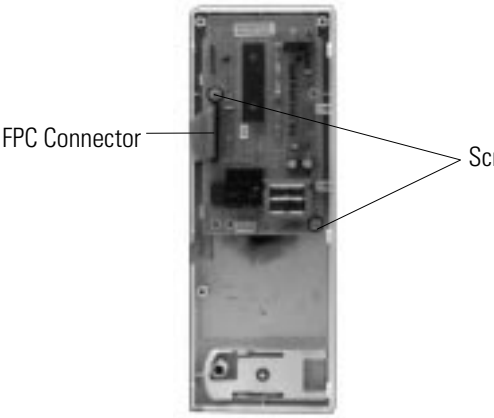
4-6-1 Removal of Control Box Assembly

1. Be sure to ground any static electric charge in your body and never touch the control circuit.
2. Disconnect the connectors from the control circuit board.
3. Remove screws securing the control box assembly.
4. Remove the screw securing the ground tail of the keyboard.



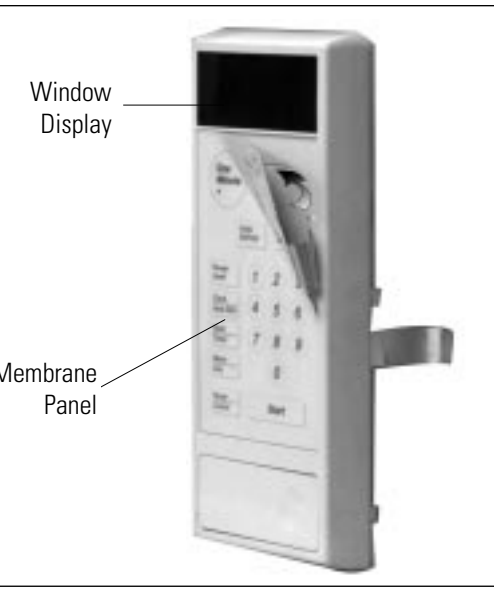
4-6-2 Removal of P.C.B Assembly

1. Pull the lever end of the plastic fastener and remove the Flexible Printed Circuit(FPC) of membrane panel.
2. Remove screws securing the control circuit board.
3. Lift up the control circuit board from the Ass'y control box.
4. When reconnecting the FPC connector, make sure that the holes on the connector are properly engaged with the hooks on the Plastic Fastener.



4-6-3 Removal of Window Display & Membrane Panel

1. Window display should not be disassembled as its mounting tabs will be broken. If repair work is difficult, replace with Ass'y control panel.
2. The membrane key board is attached to the escutcheon base with doublefaced adhesive tape. Therefore, applying hot air such as using of hair dryer is recommended for smoother removal.
3. When installing new membrane key board, make sure that the surface of escutcheon base is cleaned sufficiently so that any problems (shorted contacts or uneven surface) can be avoided.



5. Alignment and Adjustments

PRECAUTION

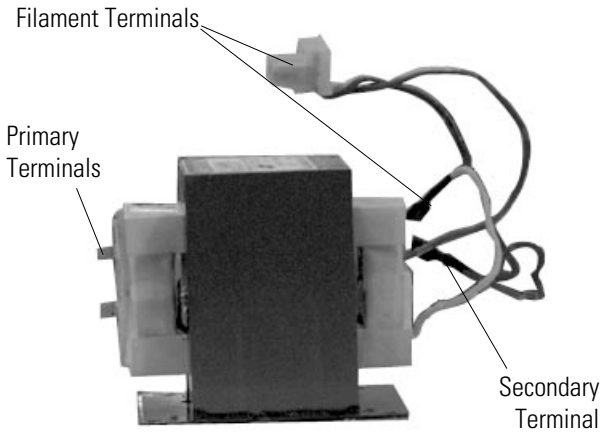
1. High voltage is present at the high voltage terminals during any cook cycle.
2. It is neither necessary nor advisable to attempt measurement of the high voltage.
3. Before touching any oven components or wiring, always unplug the oven from its power source and discharge the high voltage capacitor.

5-1 High Voltage Transformer

1. Remove connectors from the transformer terminals and check continuity.
2. Normal resistance readings are as follows:

MODEL	AKM106
Secondary	90Ω ¡ 10%
Filament	Shows Continuity
Primary	0.40Ω ¡ 10%

(Room temperature = 20˚C)



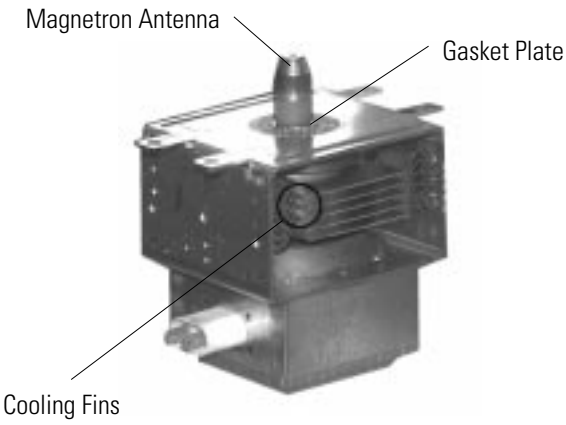
5-2 Low Voltage Transformer

1. The low voltage transformer is located on the control circuit board.
2. Remove the low voltage transformer from the PCB Ass'y and check continuity.
3. Normal resistor reading is shown in the table.

Terminals	Resistance	
	DN-5574W	CE-5574W
1~2(Input)	312.3Ω	286.5Ω
4~5(Output17V)	11.22Ω	9.245Ω
7~8(Output2.7V)	2.213Ω	1.735Ω

5-3 Magnetron

1. Continuity checks can indicate only an open filament or a shorted magnetron. To diagnose an open filament or shorted magnetron :
2. Isolate the magnetron from the circuit by disconnecting its leads.
3. A continuity check across the magnetron filament terminals should indicate one ohm or less.
4. A continuity check between each filament terminal and magnetron case should read open.



5-4 High Voltage Capacitor

1. Check continuity of the capacitor with the meter set at the highest resistance scale.
2. Once the capacitor is charged, a normal capacitor shows continuity for a short time, and then indicates 9MΩ.
3. A shorted capacitor will show continuous continuity.
4. An open capacitor will show constant 9MΩ.
5. Resistance between each terminal and chassis should read infinite.

5-5 High Voltage Diode

1. Isolate the diode from the circuit by disconnecting its leads.
2. With the ohm-meter set at the highest resistance scale, measure across the diode terminals. Reverse the meter leads and read the resistance. A meter with 6V, 9V or higher voltage batteries should be used to check the front-to back resistance of the diode (otherwise an infinite resistance may be read in both directions). The resistance of a normal diode will be infinite in one direction and several hundred KΩ in the other direction.

5-6 Main Relay and Power Control Relay

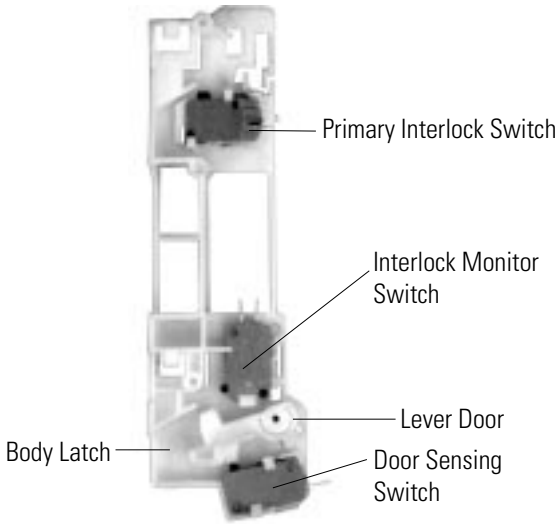
1. The relays are located on the PCB Ass'y. Isolate them from the main circuit by disconnecting the leads.
2. Operate the microwave oven with a water load in the oven. Set the power level set to high.
3. Check continuity between terminals of the relays after the start pad is pressed.

5-7 Adjustment of Primary Switch, Door Sensing Switch and Monitor Switch

Precaution

For continued protection against radiation hazard, replace parts in accordance with the wiring diagram and be sure to use the correct part number for the following switches: Primary interlock and door sensing switches, and the interlock monitor switch (replace all together). Then follow the adjustment procedures below. After repair and adjustment, be sure to check the continuity of all interlock switches and the interlock monitor switch.

1. When mounting Primary switch and Interlock Monitor switch to Latch Body, consult the figure.
2. No specific adjustment during installation of Primary switch and Monitor switch to the latch body is necessary.
3. When mounting the Latch Body to the oven assembly, adjust the Latch Body by moving it so that the oven door will not have any play in it. Check for play in the door by pulling the door assembly. Make sure that the latch keys move smoothly after adjustment is completed. Completely tighten the screws holding the Latch Body to the oven assembly.
4. Reconnect to Monitor switch and check the continuity of the monitor circuit and all latch switches again by following the components test procedures.
5. Confirm that the gap between the switch housing and the switch actuator is no more than 0.5mm when door is closed.



	Door Open	Door Closed
Primary switch	∞	0
Monitor switch (COM-NC)	0	∞
Door Sensing S/W	∞	0

5-8 Output Power of Magnetron

CAUTION
MICROWAVE RADIATION

PERSONNEL SHOULD NOT ALLOW EXPOSURE TO MICROWAVE RADIATION FROM MICROWAVE GENERATOR OR OTHER PARTS CONDUCTING MICROWAVE ENERGY.

The output power of the magnetron can be measured by performing a water temperature rise test.
Equipment needed :
* Two 1-liter cylindrical borosilicate glass vessel (Outside diameter 190 mm)
* One glass thermometer with mercury column

NOTE: Check line voltage under load. Low voltage will lower the magnetron output. Make all temperature and time tests with accurate equipment.

1. Fill the one liter glass vessel with water.
2. Stir water in glass vessel with thermometer, and record glass vessel's temperature ("T_1", 10±0.2˚C).
3. After moving the water into another glass vessel, place it in the center of the cooking tray. Set the oven to high power and operate for 48 seconds exactly. (1 seconds included as a holding time of magnetron oscillation:)
4. When heating is finished, stir the water again with the thermometer and measure the temperature ("T_2").
5. Subtract T_1 from T_2. This will give you the water temperature rise. (ΔT)
6. The output power is obtained by the following formula;

$$\text{Output Power (IEC)} = \frac{4.187 \times 1000 \times \Delta T + 0.88 \times Mcx(T_2 - T_0)}{46.5}$$

46.5: Heating Time (sec)
4.187 : Coefficient for Water
1000 : Water (cc)
ΔT : Temperature Rise (T2-T1)
Mc : Cylindrical borosilicate glass weight
To : Room temperature.

7. Normal temperature rise for this model is 9.9˚C to 10.5˚C at 'HIGH'.
   NOTE 1: Variations or errors in the test procedure will cause a variance in the temperature rise. Additional power test should be made if temperature rise is marginal.
   NOTE 2: Output power in watts is computed by multiplying the temperature rise (step 5) by a factor of 91 times the of centigrade temperature.

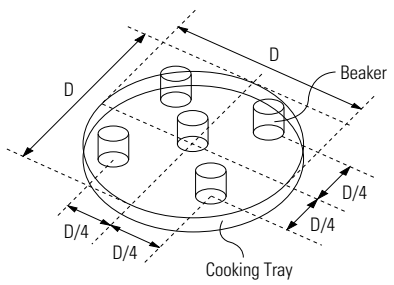
5-9 Microwave Heat Distribution - Heat Evenness

The microwave heat distribution can be checked indirectly by measuring the water temperature rise at certain positions in the oven:

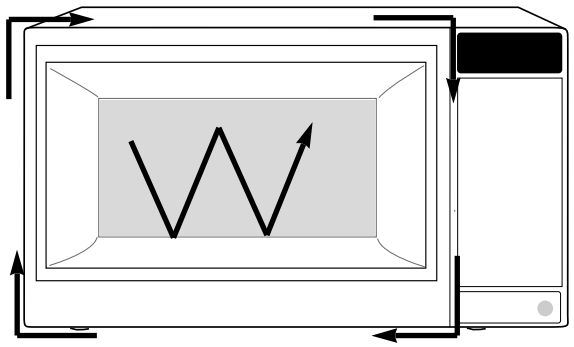
1. Prepare five beakers made of 'Pyrex', having 100 milliliters capacity each.
2. Measure exactly 100milliliters off water load with a measuring cylinder, and pour into each beaker.
3. Measure the temperature of each water load. (Readings shall be taken to the first place of decimals.)
4. Put each beaker in place on the cooking tray as illustrated in figure below. Start heating.
5. After heating for 2 minutes, measure the water temperature in each beaker.
6. Microwave heat distribution rate can be calculated as follows:

$$\text{Heat Distribution} = \frac{\text{Minimum Temperature Rise}}{\text{Maximum Temperature Rise}} \times 100(\%)$$

The result should exceed 80%.



5-10 Procedure for Measurement of Microwave Energy Leakage



1) Pour 275±15cc of 20±5˚C(68±9˚F) water in a beaker which is graduated to 600cc, and place the beaker in the center of the oven.
2) Start to operate the oven and measure the leakage by using a microwave energy survey meter.
3) Set survey meter with dual ranges to 2,450MHz.
4) When measuring the leakage, always use the 2 inch spacer cone with the probe. Hold the probe perpendicular to the cabinet door. Place the spacer cone of the probe on the door and/or cabinet door seam and move along the seam, the door viewing window and the exhaust openings moving the probe in a clockwise direction at a rate of 1 inch/sec. If the leakage testing of the cabinet door seam is taken near a corner of the door, keep the probe perpendicular to the areas making sure that the probe end at the base of the cone does not get closer than 2 inches to any metal. If it gets closer than 2 inches, erroneous readings may result.
5) Measured leakage must be less than 5mW/cm2, after repair or adjustment.

> Maximum allowable leakage is 5mW/cm^2.
> 4mW/cm^2 is used to allow for measurement and meter accuracy

5-11 Check for Microwave Leakage

1. Remove the outer panel.
2. Pour 275±15cc of 20±5˚C(68±9˚F) water in a beaker which is graduated to 600cc, and place the beaker in the center of the oven.
3. Start the oven at the highest power level.
4. Set survey meter dual ranges to 2,450MHz.
5. Using the survey meter and spacer cone as described above, measure arnear the opening of magnetron, the surface of the air guide and the surface of the wave guide as shown in the following photo.(but avoid the high voltage components.) The neading should be less than 5mW/cm^2.

5-12 Note on Measurement

1) Do not exceed the limited scale.
2) The test probe must be held on the grip of the handle, otherwise a false reading may result when the operator's hand is between the handle and the probe.
3) When high leakage is suspected, do not move the probe horizontally along the oven surface; this may cause damage to the probe.
4) Follow the recommendation of the manufacturer of the microwave energy survey meter.

5-13 Leakage Measuring Procedure

5-13-1 Record keeping and notification after measurement

1) After adjustment and repair of a radiarion preventing device, make a repair record for the measured values, and keep the data.
2) If the radiation leakage is more than 5 mW/§† after determining that all parts are in good condition, functioning properly and the identical parts are replaced as listed in this manual notift that fact to ;

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5-13-2 At least once a year have the microwave energy survey meter checked for accuracy by its manufacturer.

6. Troubleshooting

PRECAUTION

1. CHECK GROUNDING BEFORE CHECKING FOR TROUBLE.
2. BE CAREFUL OF THE HIGH VOLTAGE CIRCUIT.
3. DISCHARGE THE HIGH VOLTAGE CAPACITOR.
4. WHEN CHECKING THE CONTINUITY OF THE SWITCHES OR TRANSFORMER, DISCONNECT ONE LEAD WIRE FROM THESE PARTS AND THEN CHECK CONTINUITY WITHOUT THE POWER SOURCE ON. TO DO OTHERWISE MAY RESULT IN A FALSE READING OR DAMAGE TO YOUR METER.
5. DO NOT TOUCH ANY PART OF THE CIRCUIT OR THE CONTROL CIRCUIT BOARD, SINCE STATIC DISCHARGE MAY DAMAGE IT. ALWAYS TOUCH GROUND WHILE WORKING ON IT TO DISCHARGE ANY STATIC CHARGE BUILT UP.

6-1 Electrical Malfunction

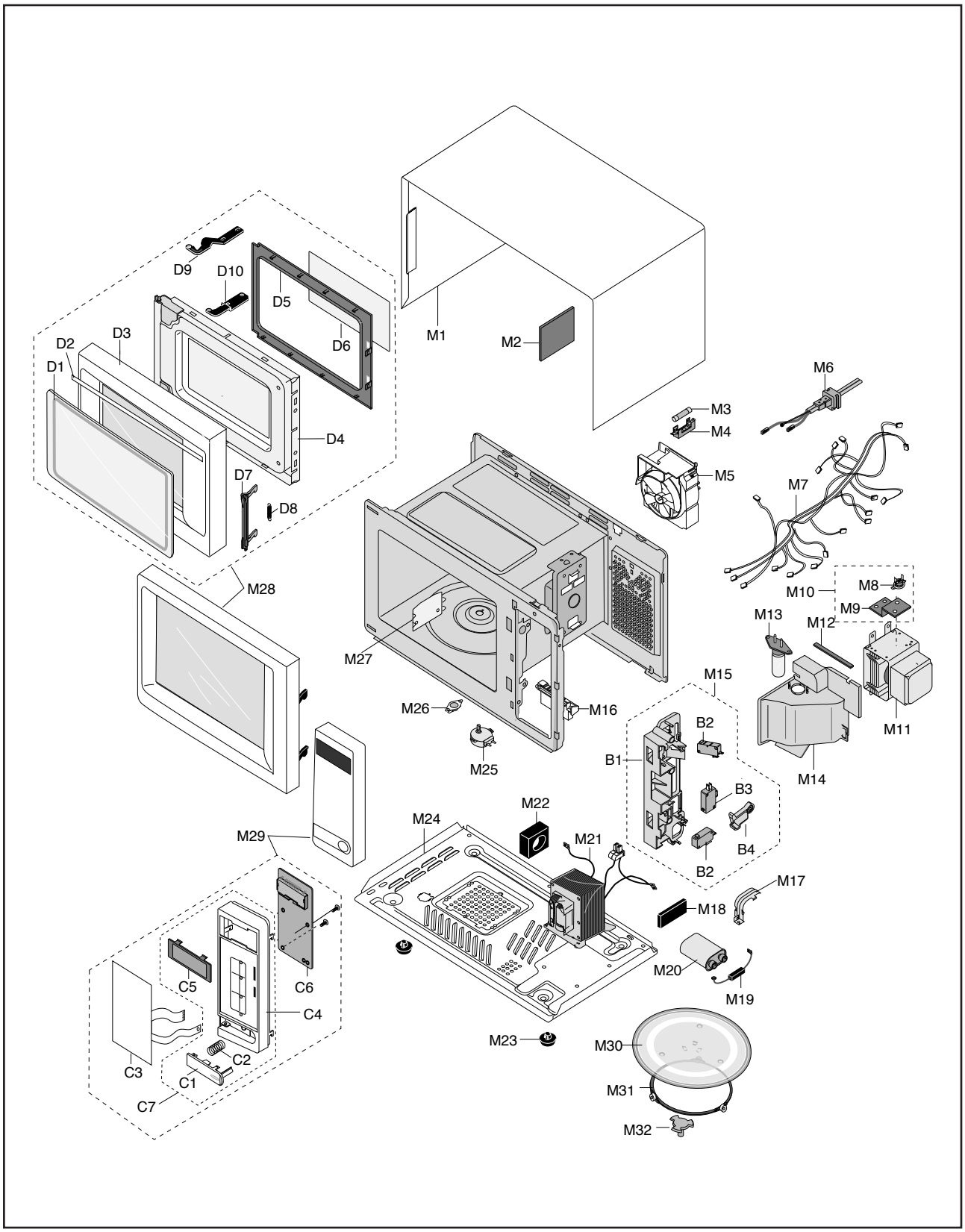
SYMPTOM	CAUSE	CORRECTIONS
Oven is dead. Fuse is OK. No display and no operation at all.	1. Open or loose lead wire harness 2. Open thermal cutout (Magnetron) 3. Open low voltage transformer 4. Defective Ass'y PCB	Check fan motor when thermal cutout is defective. Check Ass'y PCB when LVT is defective.
No display and no operation at all. Fuse is blown.	1. Shorted lead wire harness 2. Defective primary latch switch (NOTE 1) 3. Defective monitor switch (NOTE1) 4. Shorted HVCapacitor 5. Shorted HVTransformer (NOTE2)	Check adjustment of primary, interlock monitor, door sensing switch.
	NOTE 1: All of these switches must be replaced at the same time. (refer to adjustment instructions) Check continuity of power relay contacts and if it has continuity, replace power relay also. NOTE 2: When HVTransformer is replaced, check diode and magnetron also.	
Oven does not accept key input (Program)	1. Key input is not in-Sequence 2. Open or loose connection of membrane key pad to Ass'y PCB 3. Shorted or open membrane panel 4. Defective Ass'y PCB	Refer to operation procedure. Replace PCB main.
Timer starts countdown but no microwave oscillation. (No heat while oven lamp and fan motor turn on.)	1. Off-alignment of latch switches 2. Open or loose connection of high voltage circuit especially magnetron filament circuit NOTE: Large contact resistance will bring lower magnetron filament voltage and cause magnetron to lower output and/or intermittent oscillation. 3. Defective high voltage components H.V.Transformer H.V.Capacitor H.V.Diode Magnetron 4. Open or loose wiring of power relay 5. Defective primary latch switch 6. Defective power relay or Ass'y PCB	Adjust door and latch switches. Check high voltage component according to component test procedure and replace if it is defective. Replace PCB main.

6-1 Electrical Malfunction(continued)

SYMPTOM	CAUSE	CORRECTIONS
Oven lamp and fan motor turn on	1. Misadjustment or loose wiring of primary latch switch 2. Defective primary latch switch	Adjust door and latch switches.
Oven can program but timer does not start.	1. Open or loose wiring of secondary interlock switch 2. Off-alignment of primary interlock 3. Defective secondary interlock S/W	Adjust door and interlock switches.
Microwave output is low;. Oven takes longer time to cook food.	1. Decrease in power source voltage. 2. Open or loose wiring of magnetron filament circuit. (Intermittent oscillation)) 3. Aging of magnetron	Consult electrician.
Fan motor turns on when plugged in	Loose wiring of door sensing switch	Check wire of door sensing switch.
Oven does not operate and return to the plugged in mode.	Defective Ass'y PCB	Replace PCB main.
Loud buzzing noise can be heard.	1. Loose fan and fan motor 2. Loose screws on H.V.Transformer 3. Shorted H.V.Diode	Tighten screws of fan motor. Tighten screws of H.V.Transformer. Replace H.V.Diode.
Turntable motor does not rotate.	1. Open or loose wiring of turntable motor. 2. Defective turntable motor.	Check the wire of turntable motor. Replace turntable motor.
Oven stops operation during cooking	1. Open or loose wiring of primary interlock switch 2. Operation of thermal cutout(Magnetron)	Adjust door and latch switches.
Sparks	1. Metallic ware or cooking dishes touching on the oven wall. 2. Ceramic ware trimmed with gold or silver powder also causes sparks.	Inform the customer. Do not use any type of cookware with metallic trimming.
Uneven cooking	Uneven intensity of microwave due to its characteristics.	Wrap thinner parts of the food with aluminum foil. Use plastic wrap or cover with a lid. Stir once or twice while cooking foods such as soup, cocoa, or milk.
Noise from the turntable motor when it starts to operate.	Noise may result from the motor.	Replace turntable motor.

7. Exploded Views and Parts List

7-1 Exploded Views



7-2 Main Parts List

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description/Specification	Q'ty	Remarks
M 1	DE70-30002A	PANEL-OUTER;SECC,T0.6,W424.7,L1155,EXOPY-C	1	
M 2	DE63-90035I	CUSHION-RUBBER;DFA20,T1.5,W190,L100,BLK,JE154	1	
M 3	3601-000440	FUSE-FERRULE;250V,20A,TL,CERAMIC,6.35x31.8m	1	
M 4	3602-001002	FUSE-HOLDER;125V/250V,15A/7.5A,50mohm	1	
M 5	DE31-10157A	MOTOR-FAN;SMF-657UC,120/60,2600,MB6774W,	1	
M 6	DE39-20049C	ASSY POWER CORD;KKP-30/SPT-2#3/16,125V13A,L135	1	
M 7	DE39-40505B	WIRE HARNESS-A;120V60HZ,MW5574W,NEW	1	
M 8	DE47-20009A	THERMOSTAT;PW2N-520PB,160/60,250V/7.5A,H,	1	
M 9	DE61-50490A	BRACKET-TCO;SECC1,T0.6,34,58	1	
M10	DE91-70101C	ASSY-THERMOSTAT;MW5574W,160/60,187-HORIZ	1	MGT
M11	DE03-30035A	MAGNETRON;OM75PH((31)ESS	1	⚡
M12	DE63-90065N	CUSHION-GUIDE;PUT-FOAM,T10,W10,L200,BLK,MW55	1	CV/AIR
M13	4713-001012	LAMP-INCANDESCENT;130V,-,40W,ORG,B/L,-,25X71	1	CV/AIR
M14	DE71-60016A	COVER-AIR;PP,2,WHT,M945/M245	1	
M15	DE93-20001A	ASSY BODY LATCH;2ND-W1,M97G45/M9745	1	
M16	DE66-90013A	LEVER-DOOR;POM(F20-01),NTR,MW5630T	1	
M17	DE61-50106A	BRACKET-HVC;SECC,T0.8,W31,L125.8	1	
M18	DE63-90065V	CUSHION-LAMP;PUT-FOAM,T35,W20,L160,1.2CU.FT	1	CV/MAI
M19	DE59-40001A	DIODE-H.V;HVR-1X-32B-12	1	
M20	2501-001011	C-OIL;910nF,2100V,BK,54x35x75mm,20mm	1	
M21	DE26-10134A	TRANS-H.V;SHV-5574UC1,120V,2160V/3.35V,6	1	⚠
M22	DE63-90167A	CUSHION-HVT;NEOPRENE/RUBBER,T36.5,W40,L50	1	CAVITY
M23	DE61-40066A	FOOT;PP,BLK,-,-,3RD-W	2	
M24	DE80-10002A	BASE-PLATE;SGCC,T(0.8),W(404),L(633),MW65	1	
M25	DE31-10154A	MOTOR-DRIVE;M2HJ49ZR02,ST-16,50/60HZ,-	1	
M26	DE47-20033A	THERMOSTAT;PW-2N,80/70,125V15A/250V7.5A,1	1	B/MOTO
M27	DE71-60164F	COVER-MGT;PP(TB53/A353),30G,MW5430/6430	1	
M28	DE94-00066B	ASSY DOOR;AKM106,-,WHIRLPOOL	1	⚠
M29	DE94-00041B	ASSY CONTROL-BOX;AKM106,-,WHIRLPOOL	1	⚡
M30	DE74-20002A	TRAY-COOKING;GLASS,T6,PI360,1.2CUFT,NEG	1	
M31	DE92-90189B	ASSY-GUIDE ROLLER;D16.5,STD	1	
M32	DE67-60002A	COUPLER;PPS,5GR,BRN,M97G45	1	

● : Option Parts ⚠ : Warning ⚡ :Electrostatically Sensitive Devices

7-3 Door Parts List

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description/Specification	Q'ty	Remarks
D 1	DE67-20167A	SCREEN-DOOR;ACRYL,T1.5,W238.6,L440,WHT,MW6	1	
D 2	DE02-00125A	TAPE-DOUBLE FACE;ACRYL,T0.45,W9,WHT,WF103,#4420	0,8	DOOR-A
D 3	DE64-40276H	DOOR-A;ABS(HR0370),-,-,-,-,AKM106,-	1	
D 4	DE92-50128E	ASSY DOOR-E;COATING,WHT,MW6574W,-,-,-,-	1	
D 5	DE64-40010A	DOOR-C;PP(TB53),T1.5,WHT,MW6574W,-,-,	1	
D 6	DE01-00004A	FILM-DOOR;PE,T0.15,W189,L331,NTR,1.2CU.F	1	
D 7	DE64-40006B	DOOR-KEY;POM(TC3005),T2,12GR,WHT,MW5574	1	● ⚠
D 8	DE61-70128A	SPRING-KEY;HSW3,PI0.6,D5,BLUING,-,-,-	1	
D 9	DE61-80002A	HINGE-UPPER;SCP1,T2.3,26,77,ZPC3,WHT,CE945	1	
D10	DE61-80003A	HINGE-LOWER;SCP1,T2.3,26,77,ZPC3,WHT,CE945	1	

7-4 Control Parts List

Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description/Specification	Q'ty	Remarks
C 1	DE66-20171A	BUTTON-PUSH;ABS,WHT,G643C	1	
C 2	DE61-70076A	SPRING-BUTTON;HSWR,PI0.6	1	
C 3	DE34-10218K	SWITCH-MEMBRANE;PET,AKM106,120V60HZ	1	● ⚠
C 4	DE72-70183A	CONTROL-PANEL;ABS(VH0853),PURE-WHT,MW6572W	1	
C 5	DE67-40142A	WINDOW-DISPLAY;ACRYL,BLK,G643C	1	
C 6	DE91-10448A	ASSY PCB-MAIN;AC120V/60HZ,NS,V.F.D,CAMCO-2ND	1	● ⚠
C 7	DE93-30403C	ASSY CONTROL-PANEL;MW6572W	1	

7-5 Body Latch Parts List

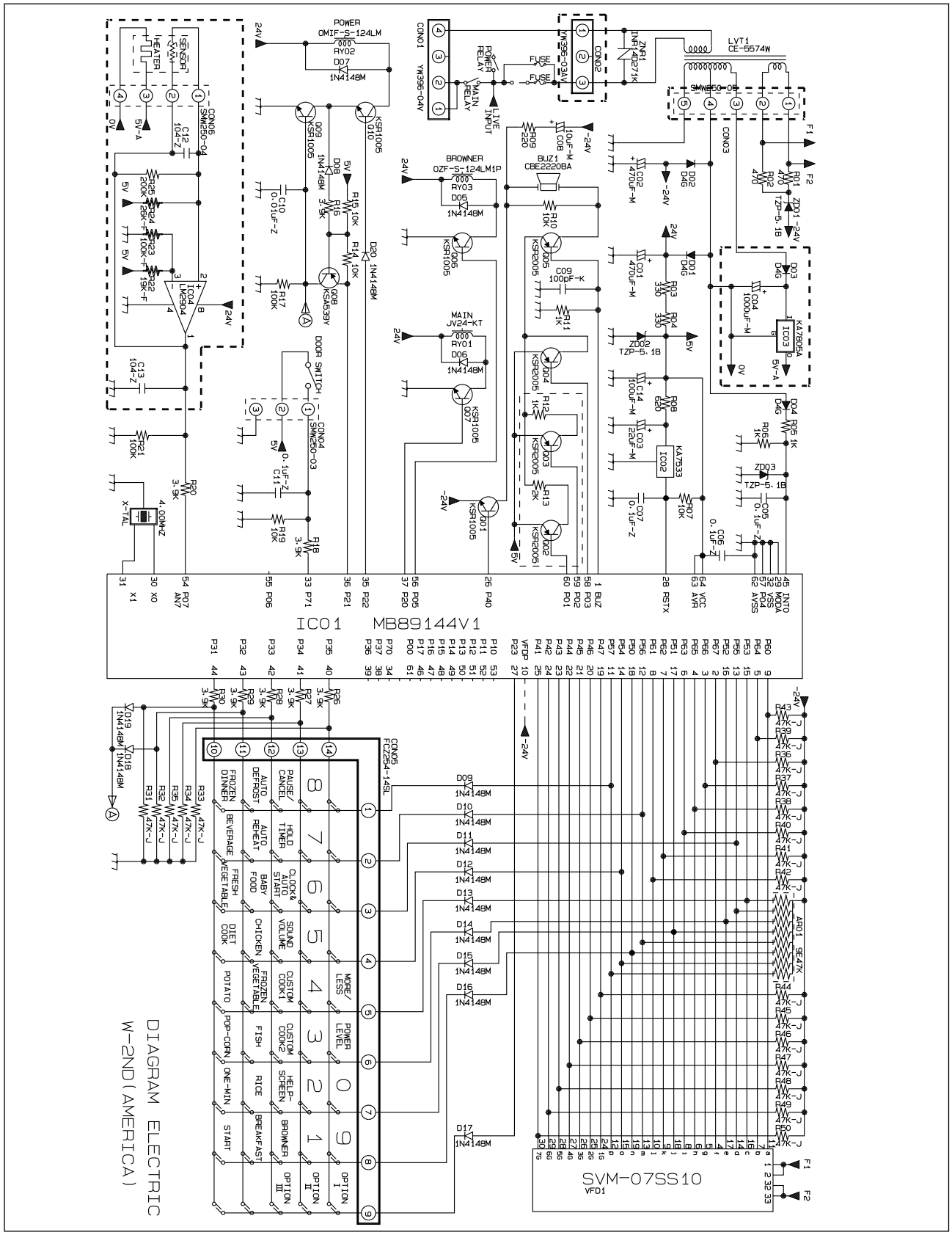
Ref. No.	Parts No.	Description/Specification	Q'ty	Remarks
B 1	DE66-40001A	LATCH-BODY;POM(F20-02),40GR,NTR	1	
B 2	3405-000178	SWITCH-MICRO;250V,15A,200gf,SPST-NO	2	
B 3	3405-000175	SWITCH-MICRO;250V,15A,200gf,SPST-NO	1	
B 4	DE66-90001A	LEVER-SWITCH;P.O.M(F20-02),2,6,NTR,2ND-W-P/	1	

7-6 Standard Parts List

Parts No.	Description / Specification	Q'ty	Remarks
DE60-10053A	SCREW-TAP PH;PH,M4,L10,FEFZY	1	C-TCO
DE60-10053A	SCREW-TAP PH;PH,M4,L10,FEFZY	2	M/GEAR
DE60-10080A	SCREW-WASHER;M5,L12,2S	4	HVT
DE60-10080A	SCREW-WASHER;M5,L12,2S	4	MGT
DE60-10082H	SCREW-A;2S-4X12,TOOTHED	2	*
DE60-10082H	SCREW-A;2S-4X12,TOOTHED	2	B-LATC
DE60-10082H	SCREW-A;2S-4X12,TOOTHED	4	BASE
DE60-10082H	SCREW-A;2S-4X12,TOOTHED	2	C-PANE
DE60-10082H	SCREW-A;2S-4X12,TOOTHED	1	CV/AIR
DE60-10082H	SCREW-A;2S-4X12,TOOTHED	1	MEM-PN
DE60-10082H	SCREW-A;2S-4X12,TOOTHED	5	OPANEL
DE60-10082H	SCREW-A;2S-4X12,TOOTHED	1	P/EART
DE60-20063A	BOLT-FLANGE;M4,10,ZPC3,YEL,MSWR	2	HI-LOW
DE60-20063A	BOLT-FLANGE;M4,10,ZPC3,YEL,MSWR	2	HI-UPP
DE60-10045A	SCREW-TAP PH;PH,M3,L6,FEFZY	1	-
DE60-10082J	SCREW-TAPPING;TH,2S-4X8,MSWR3,ZPC,YEL,WS	1	B/HVC
DE60-10012A	SCREW-TAP TITE;TH,+,3,M4,L10,SWR10,ZPC2,TOOTH	1	-
DE60-10088A	SCREW-TAP PH;PH,M3,L8,FEFZY,PLAIN	2	-

8. P.C.B Diagrams

8-1 P.C.B Diagrams

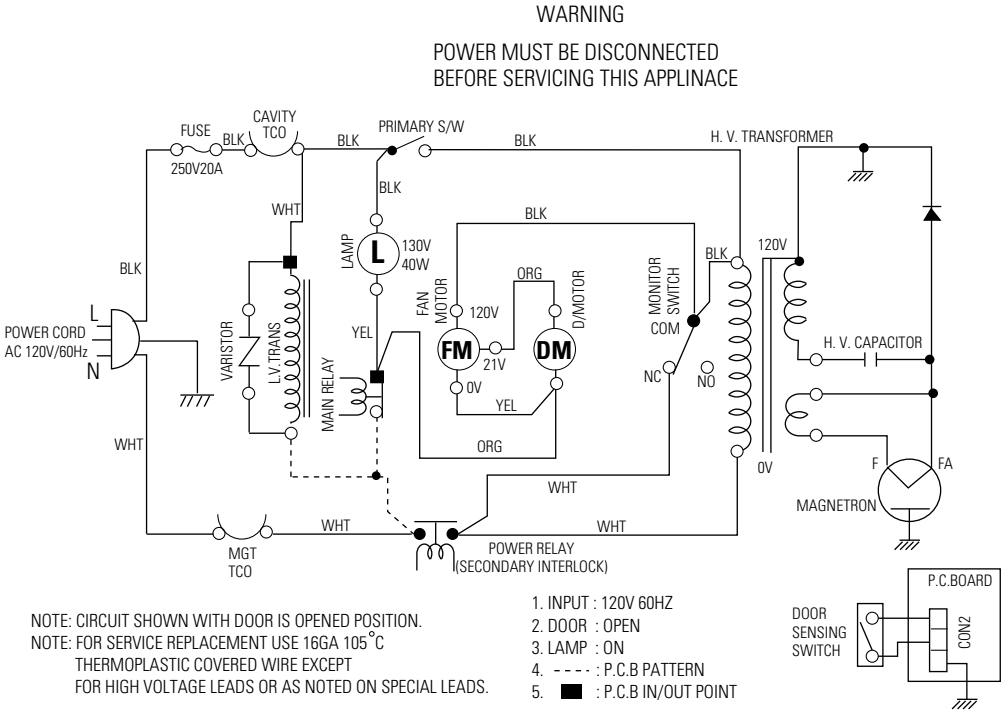


8-2 P.C.B Parts List

No.	Parts No.	Description / Specification	Q'ty	Remarks
P 1	0401-001002	DIODE-SWITCHING;1N4148M,100V,200mA,DO-34,TP	8	D05,D06,D07,D08,D09,D10,D11,D12
P 1	0401-001002	DIODE-SWITCHING;1N4148M,100V,200mA,DO-34,TP	8	D13,D14,D15,D16,D17,D18,D19,D20
P 2	0402-000559	DIODE-RECTIFIER;D4G,400V,1A,T-1	3	D01,D02,D04
P 3	0403-000525	DIODE-ZENER;1N4733A,5.1V,5%,1W,DO-41,TP	3	ZD01,ZD02,ZD03
P 4	0501-000283	TR-SMALL SIGNAL;KSA539,PNP,400mW,TO-92,TP,120-	1	Q08
P 5	0504-001014	TR-DIGITAL;KSR1005,NPN,300mW,4.7K-10K,TO-	5	Q01,Q06,Q07,Q09,Q10
P 6	0504-001015	TR-DIGITAL;KSR2005,PNP,300mW,4.7K-10K,TO-	4	Q02,Q03,Q04,Q05
P 7	1405-001010	VARISTOR;270V,4500A,16x19mm,BK	1	ZNR1
P 8	2001-000037	R-CARBON(S);330OHM,5%,1/2W,AA,TP,-	2	R03,R04
P 9	2001-000273	R-CARBON;100KOHM,5%,1/8W,AA,TP,-	2	R17,R21
P10	2001-000290	R-CARBON;10KOHM,5%,1/8W,AA,TP,-	5	R10,R14,R15,R19,R51
P11	2001-000429	R-CARBON;1KOHM,5%,1/8W,AA,TP,-	5	R05,R06,R07,R11,R12
P12	2001-000515	R-CARBON;220OHM,5%,1/8W,AA,TP,-	1	R09
P13	2001-000577	R-CARBON;2KOHM,5%,1/8W,AA,TP,-	1	R13
P14	2001-000613	R-CARBON;3.9KOHM,5%,1/8W,AA,TP,-	8	R16,R18,R20,R26,R27,R28,R29,R30
P15	2001-000780	R-CARBON;470OHM,5%,1/8W,AA,TP,-	2	R01,R02
P16	2001-000786	R-CARBON;47KOHM,5%,1/8W,AA,TP,-	8	R31,R32,R33,R34,R35,R36,R37,R38
P17	2001-000786	R-CARBON;47KOHM,5%,1/8W,AA,TP,-	8	R39,R40,R41,R42,R43,R44,R45,R46
P17	2001-000786	R-CARBON;47KOHM,5%,1/8W,AA,TP,-	4	R47,R48,R49,R50
P18	2001-000904	R-CARBON;620OHM,5%,1/8W,AA,TP,-	1	R08
P19	2011-000582	R-NETWORK;47KOHM,5%,1/8W,A,SIP,9P,BK	1	AR01
P20	2202-000127	C-CERAMIC,MLC-AXIAL;10nF,+80-20%,25V,Y5V,TP,-,7.5	1	C10
P21	2202-000780	C-CERAMIC,MLC-AXIAL;100nF,+80-20%,50V,Y5V,TP,3.5x1	4	C05,C06,C07,C11
P22	2401-000466	C-AL;10uF,20%,35V,GP,TP,5x7,5	1	C08
P23	2401-000914	C-AL;22uF,20%,16V,GP,TP,5x11,5	1	C14
P24	2401-001363	C-AL;470uF,20%,16V,GP,TP,10x12.5,5	1	C03
P25	2401-001415	C-AL;470uF,20%,35V,GP,TP,10x20,5	2	C01,C02
P26	2802-000161	RESONATOR-CERAMIC;4MHz,0.5%,TP,10.0x5.0x7.5mm	1	X-TAL
P27	3711-000240	CONNECTOR-HEADER;1WALL,4P,1R,3.96mm,STRAIGHT,SN	1	CON01
P28	3711-000881	CONNECTOR-HEADER;BOX,3P,1R,2.5mm,STRAIGHT,SN	1	CON04
P29	DE13-20009A	IC;KA7533,DIP,-,-,-,-,-	1	IC02
P30	DE39-60001A	WIRE-SO COPPER;PI0.6,SN,T,52MM,TAPING_WIRE,-	8	J02,J03,J04,J05,J06,J07,J08,J09
P30	DE39-60001A	WIRE-SO COPPER;PI0.6,SN,T,52MM,TAPING_WIRE,-	8	J10,J11,J12,J13,J14,J15,J16,J17
P30	DE39-60001A	WIRE-SO COPPER;PI0.6,SN,T,52MM,TAPING_WIRE,-	8	J18,J19,J20,J21,J22,J23,J24,J25
P31	DE41-10330A	P.C.B-MAIN;FR-1,T1.6,W88,L163,USA-2ND,-,-	1	PCB
P32	3501-001014	RELAY-POWER;24V,21.8mA,17A,1FormA,20mS,8mS	1	RY02
P33	3501-001016	RELAY-MINIATURE;24V,12.5mA,5A,1FormA,8mS,4mS	1	RY01
P34	3708-000529	CONNECTOR-FPC/FC/PIC;14P,2.54mm,STRAIGHT,SN	1	CON05
P35	DE07-10035A	V.F.DISPLAY;SVM-07SS10,SEA,-,-,-,-	1	VFD1
P36	DE09-30638A	IC-MCU;MB89143AP-226,8,DIP,8,-,MW4370	1	IC01 ⚠
P37	DE26-20144A	TRANS-L.V;SLV-5574U,120V,60HZ,AC17V/2.7V	1	LVT1
P38	DE30-20016A	BUZZER;CBE2220BA,STICK,-,-,-,-,-,-,-	1	BUZ1
P39	DE61-90164A	HOLDER-DIGITRON;NYLON#66,T1.8,BLK,MW4370W,-,-,	1	*

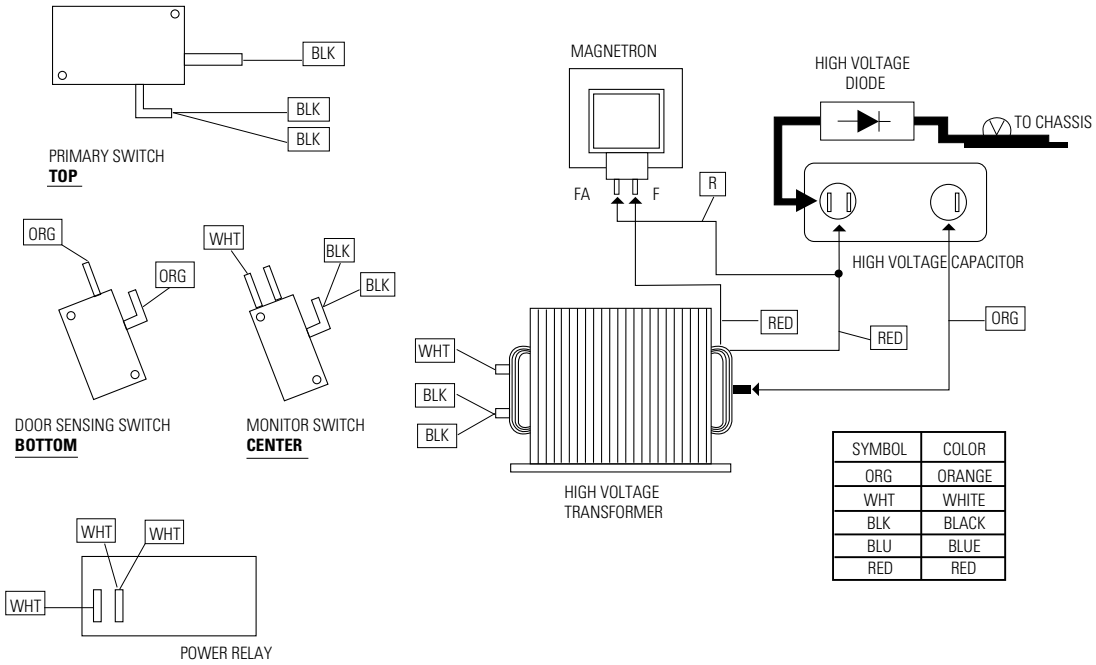
9. Schematic Diagrams

9-1 Schematic Diagrams



NOTE: CIRCUIT SHOWN WITH DOOR IS OPENED POSITION.
NOTE: FOR SERVICE REPLACEMENT USE 16GA 105°C
THERMOPLASTIC COVERED WIRE EXCEPT
FOR HIGH VOLTAGE LEADS OR AS NOTED ON SPECIAL LEADS.

1. INPUT : 120V 60HZ
2. DOOR : OPEN
3. LAMP : ON
4. - - - - : P.C.B PATTERN
5. ■ : P.C.B IN/OUT POINT



SYMBOL	COLOR
ORG	ORANGE
WHT	WHITE
BLK	BLACK
BLU	BLUE
RED	RED